## **CLAIMS**

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Serial No. 10/088,424 -4- Andrew 787 (1052.029)

(new) The invention of claim 91, wherein the input signal comprises baseband in-phase

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and quadrature components.

1	109. (new) The invention of claim 91, wherein:
2	the modulator comprises a phase shifter, an amplitude modulator, and a coupler;
3	the amplitude modulator is adapted to modulate the amplitude of the input signal based on the
4	distortion signal; and
5	the coupler is adapted to combine the outputs from the phase shifter and the amplitude modulator
6	to generate the predistorted signal.
1	110. (new) The invention of claim 109, wherein:
. 2	the phase shifter is adapted to shift the phase of a first portion of the input signal; and
3	the amplitude modulator is adapted to modulate the amplitude of a second portion of the input
4	signal, different from the first portion.
1 2	111. (new) The invention of claim 109, further comprising a second phase shifter adapted to
· 3	shift phase of one of a portion of the extracted signal and a portion of the output signal, wherein the
3	portions are combined to generate a signal used to control operations of the generator.
1	112. (new) The invention of claim 91, wherein the signal handling equipment comprises an
.1 2	amplifier.
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1	113. (new) A method for generating a predistorted signal from an input signal to reduce
2	distortion in an output signal generated by signal handling equipment based on the predistorted signal,
3	the method comprising:
4	generating an extracted signal from the input signal;
5	generating a distortion signal based on the extracted signal, wherein the distortion signal
6	comprises:
7	a second-order distortion component based on a second-order signal generated from the
8	extracted signal; and
9	a fourth-order distortion component based on a fourth-order signal generated from the
10 11	extracted signal; and
T T	modulating the input signal based on the distortion signal to generate the predistorted signal.
1	114. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the distortion signal further comprises a
2	sixth-order distortion component based on a sixth-order signal generated from the extracted signal.
	order organization and order organization and oxidated signal.
1	115. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the distortion signal does not comprise any
2	odd-order distortion components based on any odd-order signal generated from the extracted signal.
1	116. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the distortion signal is generated digitally.
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1	117. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein:
2	the distortion signal comprises an in-phase component and a quadrature component;
3	the in-phase signal comprises:
4 5	a first in-phase component based on the second-order signal; and
6	a second in-phase component based on the fourth-order signal; and the quadrature signal comprises:
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8	a first quadrature component based on the second-order signal; and a second quadrature component based on the fourth-order signal.
_	a second quadrature component based on the fourth-order signal.

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ረ	the in-phase signal further comprises a third in-phase component based on a sixth-order signal
2 3 1	generated from the extracted signal; and
1	the quadrature signal further comprises a third quadrature component based on a sixth-order
5	signal generated from the extracted signal.
L	119. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the modulating comprises:
2	dividing the input signal into an in-phase component and a quadrature component;
3	multiplying one of the in-phase and quadrature components by the distortion signal to generate a
1	first product;
5	multiplying the other component by only a first DC distortion component to generate a second
5	product; and
1 2 3 4 5 7	combining the first and second products to generate the predistorted signal.
l.	120. (new) The invention of claim 119, wherein the distortion signal further comprises a
1 2	second DC distortion component.
1	121. (new) The invention of claim 113, further comprising conditioning the extracted signal
1 2	such that an envelope of the conditioned signal maintains a substantially constant amplitude.
	122. (new) The invention of claim 113, further comprising controlling operations of the
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۵	generating.
1 2	123. (new) The invention of claim 122, further comprising multiplying a portion of the
2	extracted signal by a portion of the output signal to generate an input signal for the controlling.
1	124. (new) The invention of claim 123, comprising:
2	multiplying an in-phase portion of the extracted signal by a first portion of the output signal to
- 3	generate an in-phase input signal for the controlling; and
4	multiplying a quadrature portion of the extracted signal by a second portion of the output signal
1 2 3 4 5	to generate a quadrature input signal for the controlling.
1	125. (new) The invention of claim 122, comprising, for two or more control paths, generating
1 2	a different-order control signal used for the generating to generate a different-order distortion component
3	in the distortion signal.
1	126. (new) The invention of claim 125, comprising, for each control path:
2	multiplying a portion of the output signal by a different-order signal generated from the extracted
2 3	signal to generate a product; and
4	integrating the product to generate a corresponding control signal.
1	127. (new) The invention of claim 125, wherein:
2	the controlling comprises generating different-frequency components of the output signal; and
1 2 3	comprising, for each control path:
4 5	detecting a power level of a different-frequency output component; and
5	integrating the detected power level to generate a corresponding control signal.
1	128. (new) The invention of claim 125, comprising, for each control path:
1 2 3	isolating a different-frequency component of the output signal;
3	detecting a power level of the different-frequency output component; and

4	integrating the detected power level to generate a corresponding control signal.
1	129. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the input signal is an analog RF signal.
1 2	130. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the input signal comprises baseband in-phase and quadrature components.
1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5	131. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the modulating comprises: shifting the phase of the input signal; modulating the amplitude of the input signal based on the distortion signal; and combining the outputs from the phase shifting and the amplitude modulating to generate the predistorted signal.
1 2 3 4	132. (new) The invention of claim 131, wherein: the phase shifter is adapted to shift the phase of a first portion of the input signal; and the amplitude modulator is adapted to modulate the amplitude of a second portion of the input signal, different from the first portion.
1 2 3	133. (new) The invention of claim 131, further comprising shifting the phase of one of a portion of the extracted signal and a portion of the output signal, wherein the portions are combined to generate a signal used to control operations of the generating.
1 2	134. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein the signal handling equipment comprises an amplifier.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	135. (new) Apparatus for generating a predistorted signal from an input signal to reduce distortion in an output signal generated by signal handling equipment based on the predistorted signal, the apparatus comprising:  means for generating an extracted signal from the input signal; means for generating a distortion signal based on the extracted signal, wherein the distortion signal comprises:  a second-order distortion component based on a second-order signal generated from the extracted signal; and a fourth-order distortion component based on a fourth-order signal generated from the extracted signal; and
11 12	means for modulating the input signal based on the distortion signal to generate the predistorted signal.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	136. (new) Apparatus for generating a predistorted signal from an input signal to reduce distortion in an output signal generated by signal handling equipment based on the predistorted signal, the apparatus comprising:  an extractor adapted to generate an extracted signals from the input signal; automatic gain control (AGC) circuitry adapted to condition the extracted signal so that the conditioned signal envelope maintains a substantially constant amplitude;  a generator adapted to generate a distortion signal based on the conditioned signal; and a modulator adapted to modulate the input signal based on the distortion signal to generate the predistorted signal.

1 137. (new) A method for generating a predistorted signal from an input signal to reduce distortion in an output signal generated by signal handling equipment based on the predistorted signal, 2 the method comprising: 3 4 generating an extracted signals from the input signal; 5 conditioning the extracted signal so that the conditioned signal envelope maintains a 6 substantially constant amplitude; generating a distortion signal based on the conditioned signal; and 7 8 modulating the input signal based on the distortion signal to generate the predistorted signal. 1 138. (new) Apparatus for generating a predistorted signal from an input signal to reduce distortion in an output signal generated by signal handling equipment based on the predistorted signal, 2 3 the apparatus comprising: 4 means for generating an extracted signal from the input signal; means for conditioning the extracted signal so that the conditioned signal envelope maintains a 5 6 substantially constant amplitude; 7 means for generating a distortion signal based on the conditioned signal; and 8 means for modulating the input signal based on the distortion signal to generate the predistorted 9 signal. (new) The invention of claim 91, wherein the generator is adapted to generate at least 139. 1 one of the distortion components using a polynomial-based technique or a look-up table-based technique. 2 (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein at least one of the distortion components is 1 generated using a polynomial-based technique or a look-up table-based technique. 2 (new) The invention of claim 91, wherein: 1 2 the generator is adapted to generate first and second distortion signals based on the extracted 3 signal; and 4 the modulator is adapted to: 5 divide the input signal into an in-phase component and a quadrature component; 6 multiply the in-phase component by the first distortion signal to generate a first product; 7 multiply the quadrature component by the second distortion signal to generate a second 8 product; and 9 combine the first and second products to generate the predistorted signal. 1 142. (new) The invention of claim 113, wherein: 2 first and second distortion signals are generated based on the extracted signal; and the input signal is modulated by: 3 4 dividing the input signal into an in-phase component and a quadrature component; 5 multiplying the in-phase component by the first distortion signal to generate a first 6 product;

multiplying the quadrature component by the second distortion signal to generate a

combining the first and second products to generate the predistorted signal.

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second product; and